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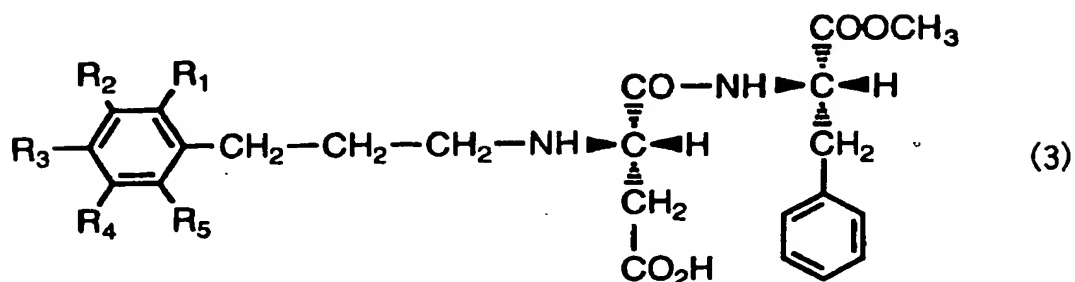
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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A process for producing a compound of formula (3)



wherein in formula (3)  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, an alkoxy group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, an alkyl group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, and a hydroxyalkyloxy group having 2 or 3 carbon atoms, which comprises:  
reductively alkylating an aspartame with an aldehyde represented by the  
formula (1) or the formula (2), and hydrogen in the presence of catalyst:



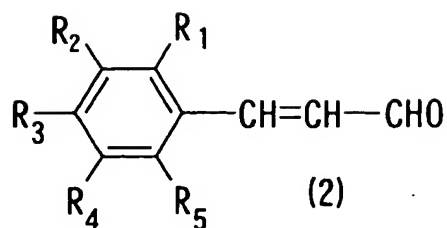
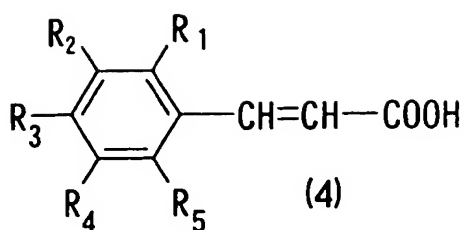


wherein in the aldehydes of formula (1) and (2), R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, an alkoxy group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, an alkyl group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, a benzyloxy group and a hydroxyalkyloxy group having 2 or 3 carbon atoms.

2. The process as defined in claim 1, wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> or R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> together form a methylenedioxy group.
3. The process as defined in claim 1, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is a hydroxyl group, R<sub>3</sub> is a methoxy group, and R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are hydrogen atoms.
4. The process of Claim 3, wherein in formulas (1) and (2) R<sub>2</sub> is a benzyloxy group.
5. The process as defined in claim 1, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is a methyl group, R<sub>3</sub> is a hydroxyl group, and R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are hydrogen atoms.
6. The process as defined in claim 1, wherein in formulas (1) and (2) R<sub>3</sub> is a benzyloxy group.
7. The process as defined in claim 1, wherein R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> together form a methylenedioxy group, and R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are hydrogen atoms.
8. The process as defined in claim 1, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is a hydroxyl group, R<sub>3</sub> is a

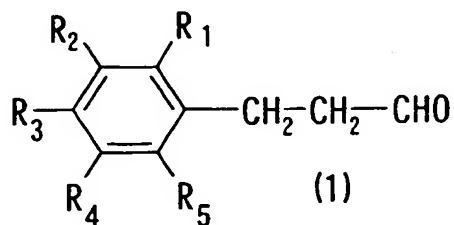
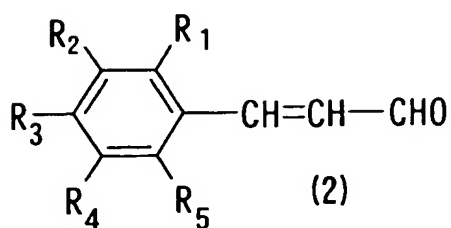
methoxy group, and R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are hydrogen atoms.

9. The process as defined in claim 8, wherein in formulas (1) and (2) R<sub>1</sub> is a benzyloxy group.
10. The process as defined in claim 1, wherein R<sub>3</sub> is a hydroxyl group, and R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>,  
5 R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are hydrogen atoms.
11. The process as defined in claim 10, wherein in formulas (1) and (2) R<sub>3</sub> is a benzyloxy group.
12. The process as defined in claim 1, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is a hydroxyl group, R<sub>3</sub> is a methyl group, and R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are hydrogen atoms.
- 10 13. The process as defined in claim 1, wherein in formulas (1) and (2) R<sub>2</sub> is a benzyloxy group.
14. The process as defined in claim 1, wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> are a hydroxyl group, and R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are hydrogen atoms.
15. The process as defined in claim 14, wherein in formulas (1) and (2) R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>3</sub>  
15 are benzyloxy groups.
16. The process as defined in claim 14, wherein in formulas (1) and (2) R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> is a benzyloxy group.
17. The process as defined in claim 1, wherein said catalyst is at least one of palladium carbon or platinum carbon.
- 20 18. The process as defined in claim 1, wherein said reductive alkylating is performed in a solvent, which is methanol or water and methanol mixture.
19. A process for producing a compound of formula (2), which comprises converting a carboxyl group in a compound of formula (4) into a formyl group



wherein,  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, an alkoxy group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, an alkyl group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, and a hydroxyalkyloxy group having 2 or 3 carbon atoms.

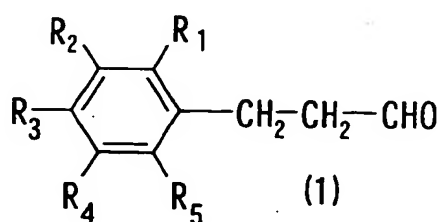
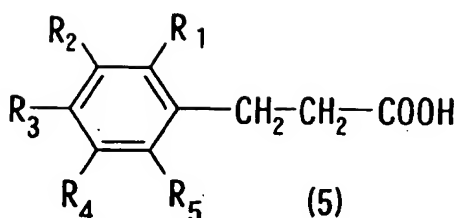
- 5      20. The process as defined in claim 19, wherein  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , or  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  form a methylenedioxy group.
21. The process as defined in claim 19, wherein  $R_2$  is a hydroxyl group,  $R_3$  is a methoxy group, and  $R_1$ ,  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are a hydrogen atom
- 10      22. A process for producing a compound of formula (1), which comprises selectively reducing a carbon-carbon double bond in a compound of the formula (2),



wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, an alkoxy group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, an alkyl group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, and a

hydroxyalkyloxy group having 2 or 3 carbon atoms.

23. The process as defined in claim 22, wherein  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , or  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  form a methylenedioxy group.
24. The process as defined in claim 22, wherein  $R_2$  is a hydroxyl group,  $R_3$  is a methoxy group, and  $R_1$ ,  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are hydrogen atoms
25. The process as defined in claim 22, wherein said selectively reducing is conducted in the presence of a hydrogenation catalyst.
26. The process as defined in claim 22, wherein said selectively reducing is conducted in the presence of at least one of a palladium catalyst, platinum catalyst, and rhodium catalyst.
27. A process for producing a compound of formula (1), which comprises:



converting a carboxyl group in a compound of formula (5) into a formyl group,

wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, an alkoxy group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, an alkyl group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, and a hydroxyalkyloxy group having 2 or 3 carbon atoms.

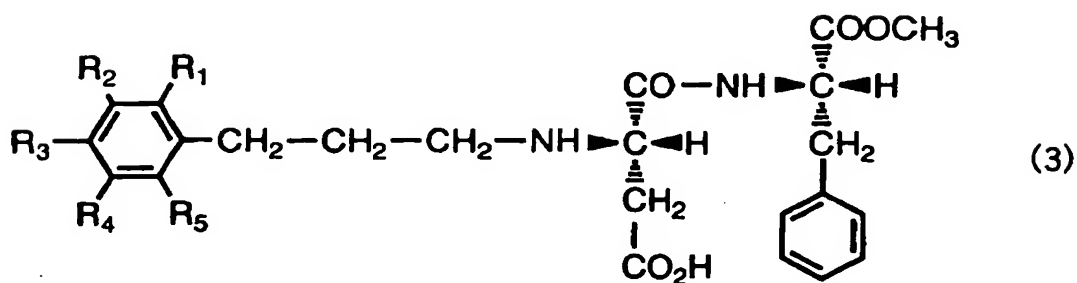
28. The process as defined in claim 27, wherein  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , or  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  form a

methylenedioxy group.

29. The process as defined in claim 28, wherein  $R_2$  is a hydroxyl group,  $R_3$  is a methoxy group, and  $R_1$ ,  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are hydrogen atoms.

30. A process for producing a compound of formula (3)

5



which comprises:

reductively alkylating an aspartame with a compound of formula (2) obtained by the



process as defined in claim 19 in the presence of hydrogen and a catalyst,

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wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, an alkoxy group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms,

an alkyl group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, and a hydroxyalkyloxy group having 2 or 3 carbon atoms.

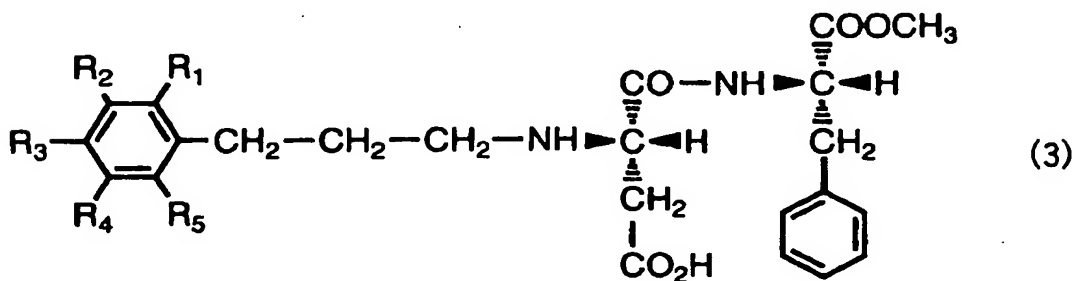
31. The process as defined in Claim 30, wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>, or R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> may be form a methylenedioxy group.

32. The process as defined in claim 30, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is a hydroxyl group, R<sub>3</sub> is a methoxy group, and R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are hydrogen atoms.

33. The process as defined in claim 30, wherein said catalyst is at least one of palladium carbon or platinum carbon.

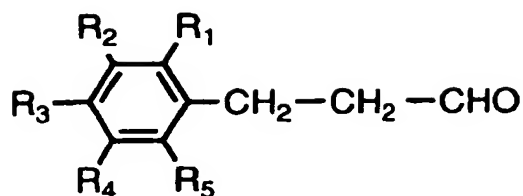
34. The process as defined in claim 30, wherein said reductive alkylating is performed in a solvent, which is methanol or water and methanol mixture.

35. A process for producing compound of formula (3)



which comprises reductively alkylating an aspartame with a compound of formula (1) obtained by the process as defined in claim 23 in the presence of hydrogen and a catalyst,





( 1 )

wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, an alkoxy group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, an alkyl group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, and a hydroxyalkyloxy group having 2 or 3 carbon atoms.

36. The process as defined in claim 35, wherein  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  or  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  form a methylenedioxy group.

37. The process as defined in claim 35, wherein  $R_2$  is a hydroxyl group,  $R_3$  is a methoxy group, and  $R_1$ ,  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are hydrogen atoms.

38. The process as defined in claim 35, wherein said catalyst is at least one of palladium carbon or platinum carbon.

39. The process as defined in claim 35, wherein said reductive alkylating is performed in a solvent, which is methanol or water and methanol mixture

40. A process for producing a 3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl) propionaldehyde, which comprises: selectively reducing a carbon-carbon double bond of 3-hydroxy-4-methoxycinnamaldehyde; or converting a carboxyl group of 3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid into a formyl group.

41. The process as defined in claim 40, which comprises converting a carboxyl group of

3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)propionic into a formyl group.

42. The process as defined in claim 40, which comprises selectively reducing a carbon-carbon double bond of 3-hydroxy-4-methoxycinnamaldehyde.

43. The process as defined in claim 40, wherein said selectively reducing is conducted in the presence of a hydrogenation catalyst.

44. The process as defined in claim 43, wherein said catalyst is at least one of palladium catalyst, platinum catalyst, and rhodium catalyst.

45. The process as defined in claim 41, wherein said 3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid is obtained by selectively reducing a carbon-carbon double bond of 3-hydroxy-4-methoxycinnamic acid.

46. The process as defined in claim 45, wherein said selectively reducing is conducted in the presence of a hydrogenation catalyst.

47. The process as defined in claim 46, wherein said catalyst is at least one of palladium catalyst, platinum catalyst, and rhodium catalyst.

48. A process for producing a N-[N-[3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl) propyl]-L-  $\alpha$ -aspartyl]-L-phenylalanine 1-methyl ester, which comprises reductively alkylating 3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl) propionaldehyde with an aspartame.

49. 3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl) propionaldehyde.